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CHAPTER

01

NUMBER SYSTEM

संख्या पद्धति

NUMBER SYSTEM

ABHINAY MATHS

40. (c) First 111 whole numbers

$$[0 + 1 + 2 \dots \dots \dots 110]$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{110(110+1)}{2} = 55 \times 111 \\ = 6105$$

Unit digit = 5

41. (b) Factor of $x^4 + x^2 + 25$

$$= (x^2 + 3x + 5)(x^2 - 3x + 5)$$

By option : $(x^2 + 3x + 5)(x^2 - 3x + 5)$

$$= (x+5)^2 - (3x)^2 \\ = x^4 + 25 + 10x^2 - 9x^2 \\ = x^4 + x^2 + 25$$

42. (b) $(mx + n)^2 = m^2 x^2 + 2mn x + n^2$

43. (c) $q > p$ and $r > s$

$q > p > r > s$

All number have three prime factor

One digit $\rightarrow s, r$

$$s \rightarrow 2 \quad 2^2 = 4$$

$$r \rightarrow 3 \quad 3^2 = 9$$

two digit $\rightarrow p, q$

$$p \rightarrow 5 \quad 5^2 = 25$$

$$q \rightarrow 7 \quad 7^2 = 49$$

$$\frac{p-q-1}{r-s} = \frac{25-49-1}{9-4} = \frac{-25}{5} = -5$$

$$-5 = -4-1 = -s-1$$

44. (c) $(30)^5 \times (24)^5$

$$= (2 \times 3 \times 5)^5 \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3)^5$$

$$= (2 \times 3 \times 5)^5 \times (2^3 \times 3)^5$$

$$= 2^5 \times 3^5 \times 5^5 \times 2^{15} \times 3^5$$

$$= 2^{20} \times 3^{10} \times 5^5$$

No. of prime factor = $20+10+5=35$

45. (a) $8^{2k} + 5^{2k}$

Let is suppose $K = 1$

$$= 8^2 + 5^2 = 64 + 25 = 89$$

as 89 is a prime No.

Hence the factor of 89

46. (c) $3600 \rightarrow 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 2^4$

No. of factor = $(2+1)(2+1)(4+1)$

$$= 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 45$$

47. (a) $10^1 = 2$ digit

$$10^2 = 100 \rightarrow 3 \text{ digit}$$

$10^n = (n + 1) \text{ digit}$ [Ans includes $(n+1)$ digit]

$$9 \times 10^{99} \Rightarrow 10^{99} = (99 + 1) \text{ digit}$$

= 100 digit multiply by $\times 9$ single number

48. (c) $f(x) = (x^2 + px + 4) = 0$

Put $x = 3$

$$3^2 + 3p + 4 = 9 + 3p + 4 = 0$$

$$3p = -13$$

$$p = -\frac{13}{3}$$

49. (a) $N = 4^{11} + 4^{12} + 4^{13} + 4^{14}$

$$= 4^{11}(1 + 4 + 16 + 64)$$

$$= 4^{11} \times 85$$

$$= 4^{11} \times 17 \times 5$$

If $N = P^a \times Q^b \times R^c$

then no. of factors = $(a+1)(b+1)(c+1)$

$$= 2^{22} \times 17 \times 5 = 23 \times 2 \times 2 = 92$$

50. (b) $N = 9^9 = 3^{18}$

∴ No. of perfect cubes by which 318 is divisible
are $3^0, 3^3, 3^6, 3^9, 3^{12}, 3^{15}, 3^{18} = 7$

51. (d) $N = 3^{14} + 3^{13} - 12$

$$= 3^{13}(3 + 1) - 3 \times 4$$

$$= 12(3^{12} - 1)$$

$$= 12(3^6 - 1)(3^6 + 1)$$

$$= 12 \times 728 \times 730$$

$$= 12 \times 728 \times 73 \times 10$$

∴ 73 is the largest prime factor of N.

52. (c) Remainder = 39

$$\text{Divisor} = 6 \times 39 = 234$$

$$\text{Quotient} = \frac{234}{13} = 18$$

Dividend = Divisor \times Quotient + Remainder

$$= 234 \times 18 + 39$$

$$= 4212 + 39$$

$$= 4251$$

53. (c) Number N divided by 363, then leaves remainder 17

$$N = 363K + 17$$

Remainder when N divided by 11

$$= \frac{363K + 17}{11}$$

Remainder = 6

Alternate:

Short method :

17 is divided by 11, then remainder is 6